

KEY FACTS

- ★ Auxin: produced in shoot tip, promotes cell elongation in shoots
- ★ Phototropism: light → auxin moves to shaded side → shaded side elongates more → shoot curves **TO** light
- ★ Gravitropism: auxin **INHIBITS** growth in roots (opposite to shoots) → root curves **DOWN**
- ★ Gibberellins: promote seed germination and stem elongation
- ★ Ethene: promotes fruit ripening — used commercially
- ★ Commercial auxin uses: rooting powder, selective weedkillers

KEY TERMS

Auxin	Plant hormone from shoot tip — promotes cell elongation in shoots, inhibits in roots
Phototropism	Growth response to light — positive = grows towards light
Gravitropism	Growth response to gravity — roots positively gravitropic
Ethene	Gaseous hormone promoting fruit ripening

■ **EXAM TIP:** Auxin in **SHOOTS**: promotes growth. Auxin in **ROOTS**: inhibits growth. This opposite effect causes both phototropism and gravitropism. Most students get the direction of auxin movement wrong — it moves **AWAY** from light.