

★ **HIGHER TIER ONLY** content is highlighted in blue. Foundation students — focus on the un-highlighted sections.

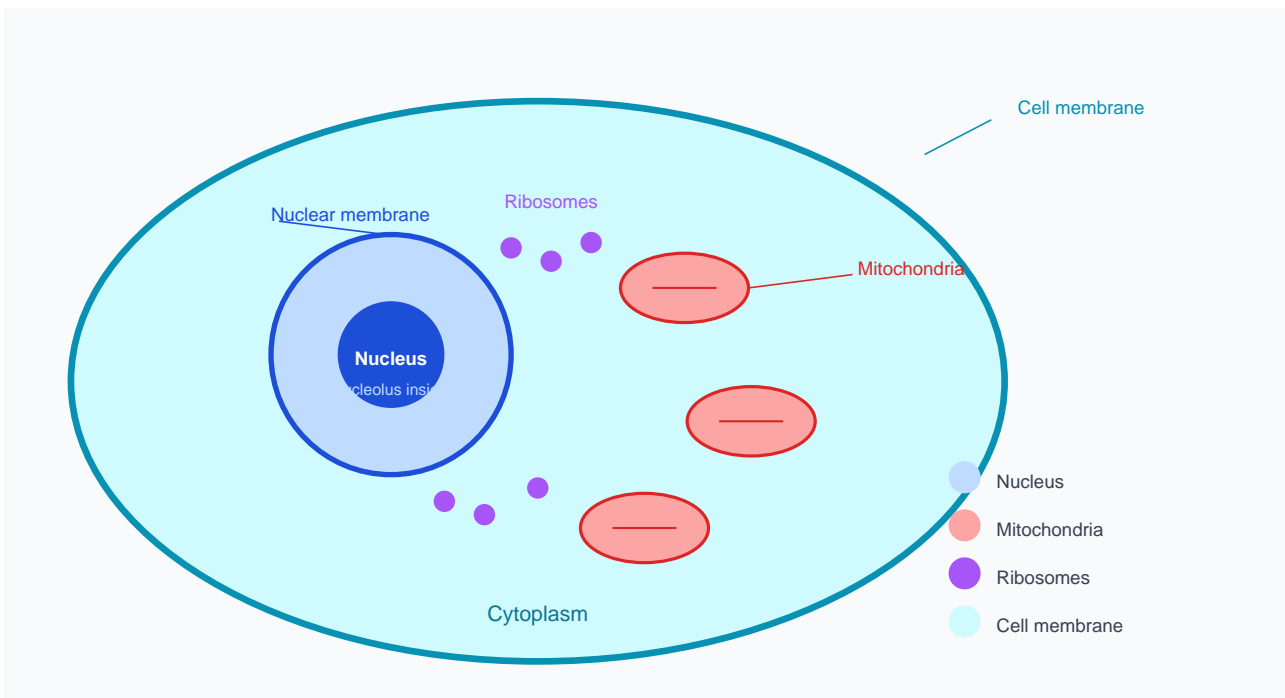


Fig 1: Structure of a typical animal cell

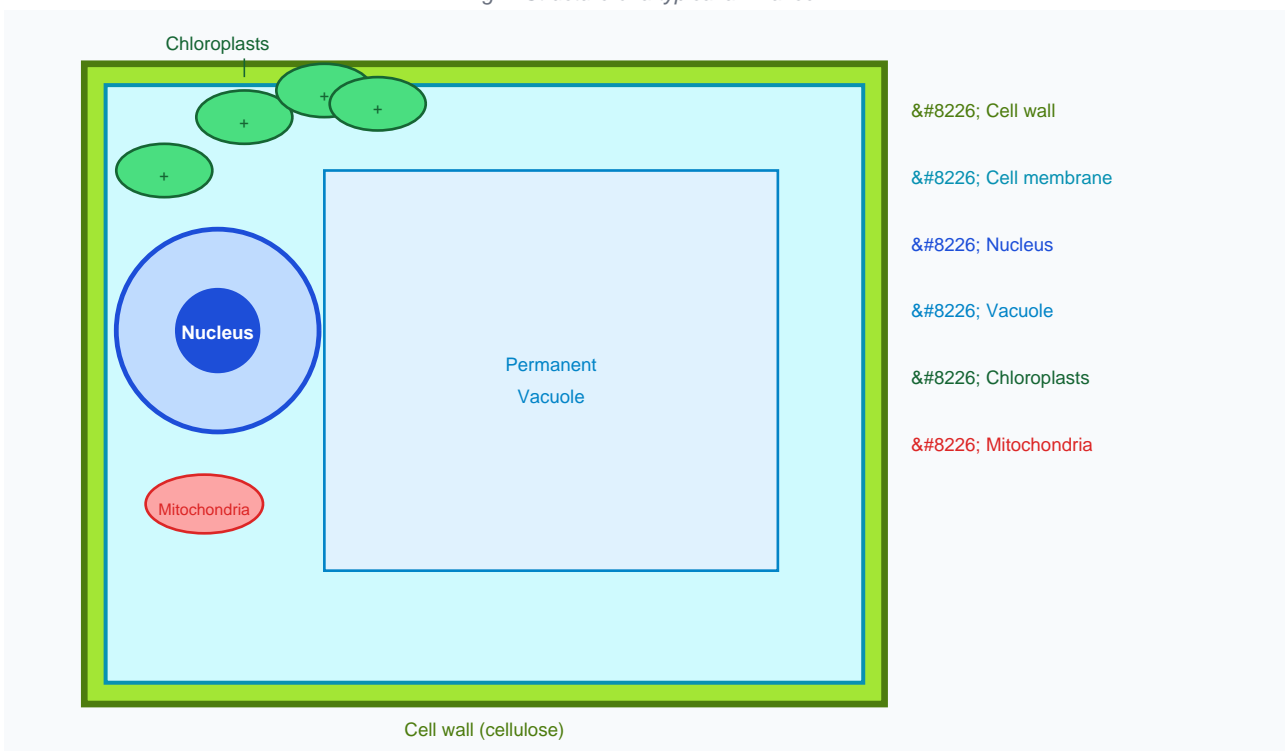


Fig 2: Structure of a typical plant cell

PROKARYOTIC CELL (e.g. bacterium) — NO nucleus, NO membrane-bound organelles

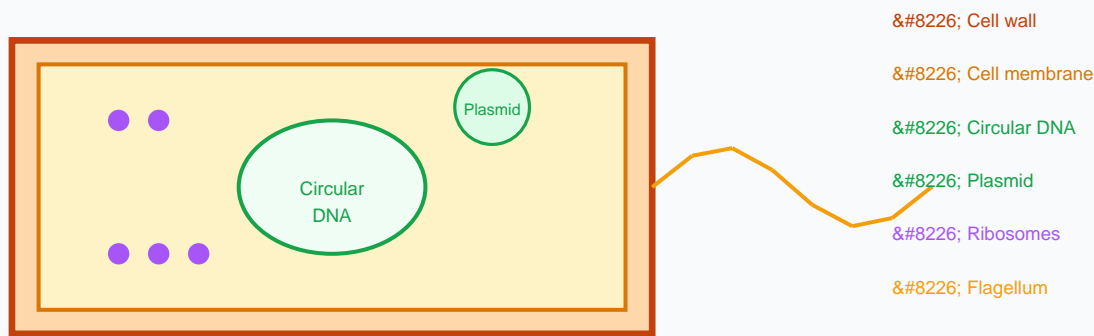


Fig 3: Structure of a bacterial (prokaryotic) cell

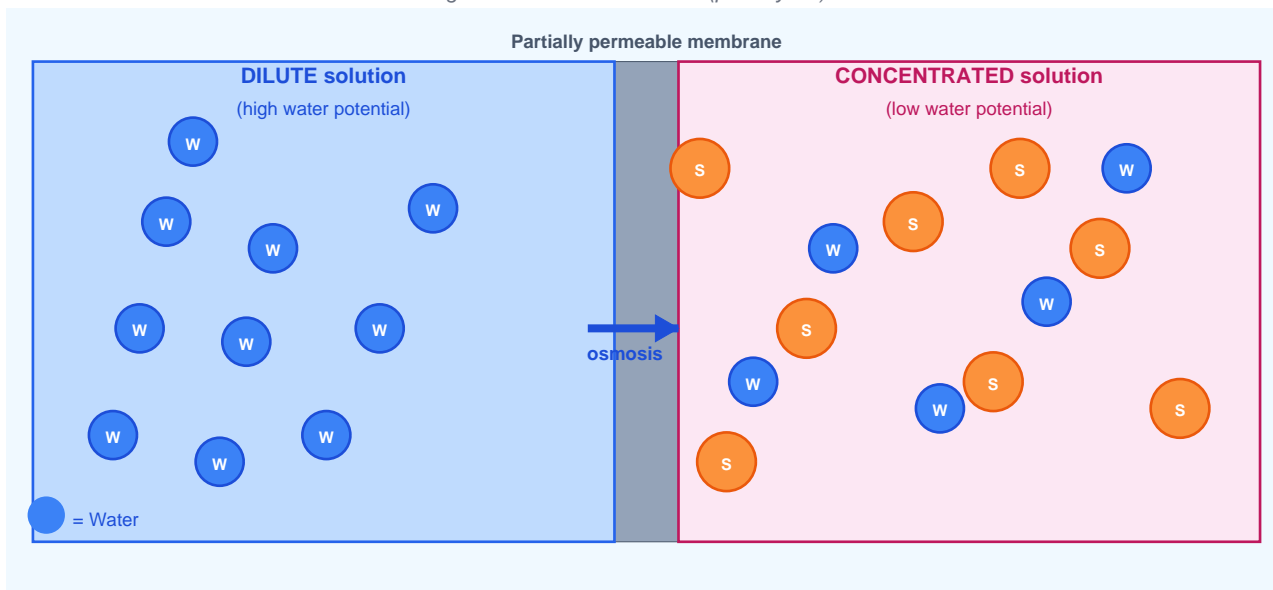


Fig: Osmosis — water moves from high to low water potential

■ **Exam Tip:** Aerobic respiration ALWAYS releases MORE energy than anaerobic. Only use anaerobic when oxygen runs out.

Respiration Comparison

| Feature | Aerobic | Anaerobic |
|--------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|
| Oxygen | Required | Not required |
| Energy | Lots | Very little |
| Products (animals) | CO ₂ + water | Lactic acid |
| Products (yeast) | CO ₂ + water | Ethanol + CO ₂ |
| Location | Mitochondria | Cytoplasm |