

★ **HIGHER TIER ONLY** content is highlighted in blue. Foundation students — focus on the un-highlighted sections.

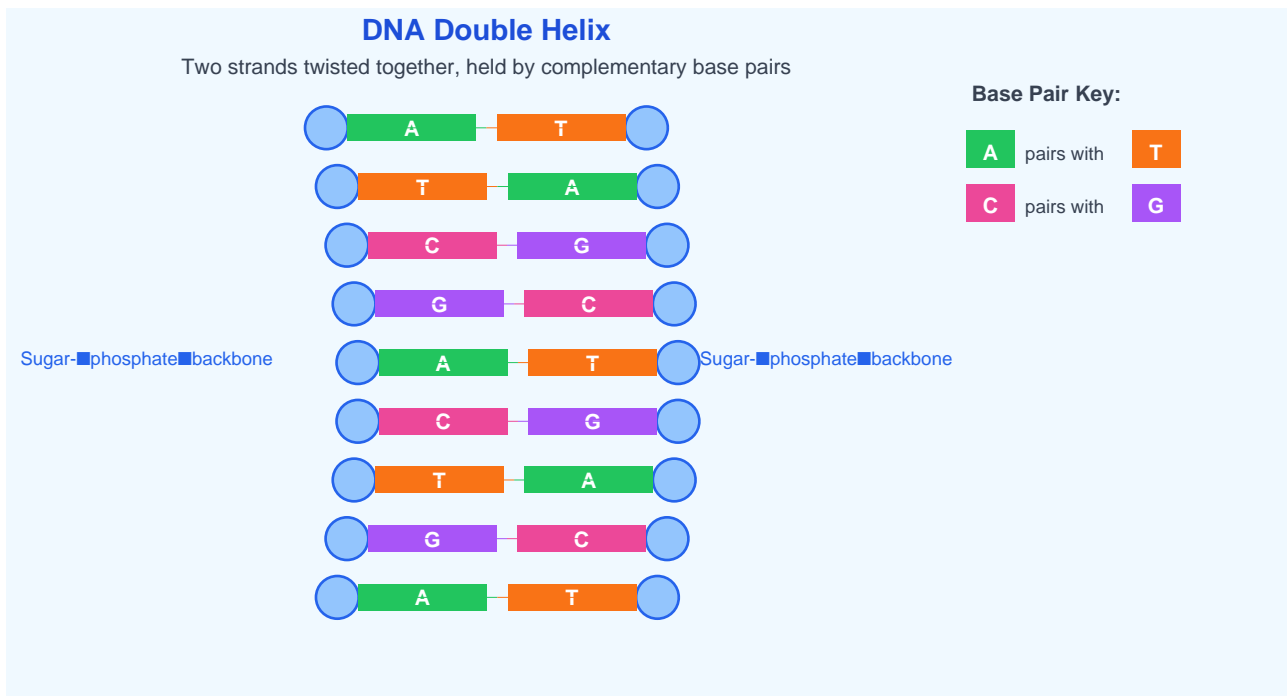


Fig: Simplified DNA structure — A pairs with T, C pairs with G (complementary base pairing)

### Punnett Square: Cystic Fibrosis Cross (Ff x Ff)

F = normal (dominant) f = cystic fibrosis allele (recessive)

	<b>F</b> Parent 1 (Ff) <b>f</b>		
<b>F</b>	<b>FF</b> Normal (homozygous)	<b>Ff</b> Normal (carrier)	<p><b>Results:</b></p> <p>1 FF (normal, homozygous)</p> <p>2 Ff (normal, carrier)</p> <p>1 ff (cystic fibrosis)</p> <p><b>&amp;#8594; 75% unaffected</b></p> <p><b>&amp;#8594; 25% affected</b></p>
P2 <b>Ff</b>	<b>Ff</b> Normal (carrier)	<b>ff</b> Cystic Fibrosis	
<b>f</b>	<b>Ff</b> Normal (carrier)	<b>ff</b> Cystic Fibrosis	

Fig: Punnett square for two carrier parents (Ff x Ff) — shows inheritance of cystic fibrosis

■ **Exam Tip:** A CARRIER has one recessive allele (Ff) — they do NOT show the disease but CAN pass it to their children.

<b>Dominant</b>	Expressed with just ONE copy
<b>Recessive</b>	Only expressed with TWO copies
<b>Carrier</b>	Has one recessive allele — unaffected but can pass it on